1		STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE	
2		PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION	
3			
4		2016 - 9:09 a.m. ~REDACTED~ Hampshire For Public Use	
5	Concord, New	Hampshire For Public Use	
6	RE	DE 16-822	
7		EVERSOURCE ENERGY: 2017 Default Service.	
8		MIDIO FEDS AND COME	
9		NHPUC FEB14'17 AM 9:17	
10	PRESENT:	Chairman Martin P. Honigberg, Presiding	
11		Commissioner Robert R. Scott Commissioner Kathryn M. Bailey	
12		Sandy Deno, Clerk	
13			
14	APPEARANCES:		
15	e .	New Hampshire d/b/a Eversource Energy: Matthew J. Fossum, Esq.	
16		Reptg. Residential Ratepayers:	
17		Donald M. Kreis, Esq., Consumer Adv. Pradip Chattopadhyay, Asst. Cons. Adv.	
18		Office of Consumer Advocate	
19		Reptg. PUC Staff: Suzanne G. Amidon, Esq.	
20		Thomas C. Frantz, Dir./Electric Div. Richard Chagnon, Electric Division	
21			
22		and the second s	
23	Court Repo	orter: Steven E. Patnaude, LCR No. 52	
24	1	~ REDACTED - For public Use ~	



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1	PROCEEDING
2	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Good morning,
3	everyone. We're here on two dockets. And I
4	think we're taking 16-822 first, correct?
5	MR. FOSSUM: Yes.
6	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: That is
7	Eversource's Energy Service rate, the updates
8	that have been filed, and we have some papers
9	in front of us.
10	So, before we do anything else, let's
11	take appearances.
12	MR. FOSSUM: Good morning,
13	Commissioners. Matthew Fossum here for Public
14	Service Company of New Hampshire doing business
15	as Eversource Energy.
16	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Fossum,
17	what's the schedule for actually changing the
18	name of the corporation? Or is it just going
19	to continue to be a d/b/a for ever and ever?
20	MR. FOSSUM: My understanding is that
21	it's going to continue to be a d/b/a for at
22	least the foreseeable future. For the two
23	second digression, I understand part of the
24	reason for that is that the corporate name,

```
1
         "Public Service Company of New Hampshire", has
         been in use for such a long time that there
 2
 3
         are, for instance, old real estate contracts,
 4
         mortgages and the like that all contain that
 5
         corporate name. That was the entity that
 6
         entered into those business arrangements. And,
 7
         so, keeping that corporate name was important,
         I've been told, for maintaining the integrity
 8
9
         of some of those arrangements.
10
                   So, as I understand it, it will
11
         remain a d/b/a for at least the foreseeable
12
         future.
13
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I'd say I
14
         correct someone average of two times a week.
15
         "That doesn't exist anymore." "Well, actually,
16
         it does."
17
                   MR. FOSSUM: Yes. Public Service
18
         Company of New Hampshire is still an existing
19
         corporate entity, and, as far as I know, will
20
         remain so.
21
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG:
                                        Thank you.
22
         Thank you for the digression.
23
                   MR. FOSSUM: I apologize that it ran
24
         that way, and you're having to correct people.
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1
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
 2
         Let's continue.
 3
                   MR. KREIS: Good morning, Mr.
         Chairman. I am Donald Maurice Kreis d/b/a D.
 4
 5
         Maurice Kreis, the Consumer Advocate, here on
         behalf of the state's residential utility
 6
 7
         customers, particularly those of PSNH d/b/a
 8
         Eversource. We earnestly support the
9
         perpetuation of the PSNH name, given its
10
         historic significance in this great state.
11
         With me today is Pradip Chattopadhyay, the
12
         Assistant Consumer Advocate.
13
                   Good morning, everyone.
14
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Thank you, Mr.
15
         Kreis.
16
                   MS. AMIDON: Good morning. Suzanne
17
         Amidon, for Commission Staff. To my far left
18
         is Tom Frantz, who is the Director of the
19
         Electric Division, and to my left is Rich
20
         Chagnon, who is an Analyst in that Electric
21
         Division.
22
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
23
         are we going to proceed, Mr. Fossum?
24
                   MR. FOSSUM: Well, before we proceed
```

to witnesses, I did have sort of one administrative note to make before the hearing began.

As I'm sure the Commissioners recall, back in June of this year, the Commission issued Order 25,914 that had required the Company to file a lead/lag study as part of its 2017 rate submission. We did so, and included with the study was the testimony of Company witness, Brian Rice.

The Commission then issued a secretarial letter on November 28th that instructed the Company to remove the Lead/Lag -- results of the Lead/Lag Study from the December calculation, following on a recommendation from Staff that the Lead/Lag be pushed into -- the review of the Lead/Lag be pushed into next year.

Because of that, Mr. Rice is not here, will not be appearing today as a witness. His testimony, though, remains in the filing, because there are cross-references to the testimony, and it was part of the initial filing.

1 So, I just wanted to make that clear 2 for the Commissioners that, despite the fact 3 that his testimony and the Lead/Lag Study are still in the initial filing, he will not be 4 5 here as a witness, he will not be testifying 6 about the Lead/Lag Study today. 7 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Commissioner 8 Bailey. CMSR. BAILEY: Will we have an 9 10 opportunity to question him at another time? 11 MR. FOSSUM: My understanding is that 12 the Lead/Lag Study is not going away. The 13 Staff had requested additional time to review 14 that study. That will occur with Staff, the 15 OCA into 2017. And the results of that study, 16 and whether and how it would be incorporated in 17 future rate filings, will result from whatever 18 it is that that investigation reveals. 19 So, yes. Sometime in 2017 some 20 version of a Lead/Lag Study will very, very 21 likely appear in a Company filing for the 22 Commission's review, and Mr. Rice, or if he's 23 no longer the witness, some Company witness

{DE 16-822} [REDACTED - For Public Use] {12-15-16}

will be here to testify about it, yes.

1 CMSR. BAILEY: And, for purposes of 2 today's filing, we're using the 45-day lead/lag 3 calculation from the rules? MR. FOSSUM: That is correct. 4 5 we'll have witnesses who can testify, yes. 6 And, so, for purposes of today's filing, the 7 Company has reverted to the 45-day convention that it had been using previously. 8 9 CMSR. BAILEY: Thank you. 10 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: And, so, the 11 testimony that is in the record, and will -- is 12 presumably going to be part of what's probably 13 going to be Exhibit 1, is just going to be 14 there, but it's not going to referenced, other 15 than as it is cross-referenced within other 16 people's testimony? 17 MR. FOSSUM: Correct. It seemed more 18 complicated to try and remove it, and then 19 leave cross-references in to a piece of paper 20 that wouldn't be there anymore, and then having 21 to adjust all of it. So, we just -- we left it 22 there, but Mr. Rice will not be here to adopt 23 or testify about it. 24 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Okay.

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1
                   MR. FOSSUM: And that has been
         discussed with the Staff and the OCA, so there
 2
 3
         was an understanding that that's how this would
 4
         proceed today.
 5
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
                                                     Mr.
 6
         Kreis.
                   MR. KREIS: Oh, I just wanted to say
 7
         that this is one of those opportunities where,
 8
9
         at the end of every hearing when you routinely
10
         say "it's time to lift the identification",
11
         that's one identification that ought not to be
12
         lifted.
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: But that's why I
13
14
         said what I said. I suspect it's going to be
15
         part of Exhibit 1. So, unless we're going to
16
         break that document up, it seems to me it's
17
         just going to live on as part of the enduring
18
         record of this proceeding. But that when --
19
         that's what I understand from what Mr. Fossum
20
         said. When it reappears in 2017, it's probably
21
         going to be in a different docket and new
22
         testimony will be filed.
23
                   MR. FOSSUM: It's possible -- well,
```

it will very likely be new testimony. It's

very possible, though, that it will be in this same docket. This is for rates throughout 2017. To the extent that we may have a midyear adjustment to the rate, that would be performed in the same docket. So, it would be at least internally consistent to that degree.

The testimony and the results of the Lead/Lag Study may change, depending upon whatever it is that the Staff and OCA investigation reveals. But I think it's too early for me to say that it definitely will.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Kreis, do you perceive any problem with it remaining in Exhibit 1, and when the ID is struck, that testimony is a full exhibit, but that it's really little significance to it beyond that?

MR. KREIS: Well, the parties have all agreed that we are not going to ask the Commission to rely on or consider the Lead/Lag Study at this time. And, given that, I don't think there are any difficulties with it, having it, as a matter of housekeeping or mechanics, technically admitted into the record.

1 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I think --2 MR. KREIS: It would be a problem if 3 you ended up issuing an order that discussed it in great detail and relied on it. 4 5 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: That would be 6 pretty strange, I grant you that. So, I doubt 7 that's going to happen. I think this record is pretty clear at this point that it's not going 8 9 to be relied on in any way. 10 MR. FOSSUM: And, so, with that 11 housekeeping matter, then we have a witness 12 panel that we would present to the Commission 13 to discuss the filing this morning. 14 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. 15 don't you have them assume the positions. 16 MR. FOSSUM: And, while they are 17 doing so, I was going to walk through what the 18 exhibits that have been premarked for 19 identification for numbering purposes. And the 20 Chairman was correct, premarked as "Exhibit 1" 21 for identification is the Company's initial 22 filing in the docket, back in September. And 23 what has been premarked as "Exhibit 2" for

identification is the Company's December 9th

13 [WITNESS PANEL: Goulding|Ludwig|White]

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1
         updated filing. And, lastly, what has been
         premarked as "Exhibit 3", and which you've been
 2
 3
         provided a copy, is what is typically referred
         to as the "bingo sheet" exhibit, with a rate
 4
         comparison, it's a three-sheet exhibit, and
 5
 6
         will have the witnesses testify to that during
 7
         the hearing.
                         (The documents, as described,
 8
                         were herewith marked as
9
10
                         Exhibit 1, Exhibit 2, and
                         Exhibit 3, respectively, for
11
12
                         identification.)
13
                         (Whereupon Christopher J.
14
                         Goulding, Daniel J. Ludwig, and
15
                         Frederick B. White were duly
16
                         sworn by the Court Reporter.)
17
                    CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Fossum.
18
                    MR. FOSSUM: Thank you.
19
               CHRISTOPHER J. GOULDING, SWORN
20
                   DANIEL J. LUDWIG, SWORN
21
                  FREDERICK B. WHITE, SWORN
22
                      DIRECT EXAMINATION
23
    BY MR. FOSSUM:
24
         I'm going to just go down the line.
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Mr. Goulding, could you please state your name,
your position, your place of employment for the
record please.

- A. (Goulding) Sure. My name is Christopher

 Goulding. I'm Manager of Revenue Requirements

 for New Hampshire. I'm employed by Eversource

 Service Company. And I'm located in 780 North

 Commercial Street, in Manchester, New

 Hampshire.
- Q. And you said your -- you stated your title.

 Could you explain your responsibilities in general, and as they relate to this specific proceeding?
 - A. (Goulding) Sure. I'm responsible for the coordination and implementation of the revenue requirement calculations for Eversource Energy New Hampshire, primarily the filings associated with Energy Service, Stranded Cost Recovery Charge, Transmission Cost Adjustment Mechanism, Alternative Default Energy, and distribution rate changes.
 - Q. Thank you. And -- well, we'll go with names first. Mr. Ludwig, could you also state your name, your position, and place of employment,

[WITNESS PANEL: Goulding|Ludwig|White]

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1
        and your responsibilities for the record
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        please.
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- Α. (Ludwig) My name is Daniel Ludwig. I'm a Team Leader in the Sales and Revenue Forecasting Group of Eversource.
- 6 I don't mean to interrupt. It doesn't sound Q. 7 like the microphone is on.
- (Ludwig) My name is Daniel Ludwig. I'm a Team 8 Α. 9 Leader in the Sales and Revenue Forecasting 10 Group. I'm responsible for activities 11 associated with demand forecasting, revenue 12 projections, and economic analysis.
 - And, Mr. White, could you also state your name, Q. your position, place of employment, and responsibilities for the record please.
 - Α. (White) Frederick White. I'm a Supervisor in the Energy Supply Group, and I'm employed by Eversource Service Company. My primary responsibilities involve the analysis and management of the portfolio of generation resources and default service load for customers of PSNH for the purposes of rate setting and cost reconciliations.
 - Thank you. Now, Mr. Goulding, did you, back on Q.

[WITNESS PANEL: Goulding|Ludwig|White]

- 1 September 30th, submit testimony in this
- 2 proceeding?
- 3 A. (Goulding) Yes, I did.
- 4 Q. And was that testimony prepared by you or at
- 5 your direction?
- 6 A. (Goulding) Yes, it was.
- 7 Q. And do you have any changes, updates or
- 8 corrections to that testimony this morning?
- 9 A. (Goulding) No, I do not.
- 10 Q. And, Mr. Ludwig, did you also back on -- and is
- 11 that testimony included in what has been
- premarked for identification as "Exhibit 1"?
- 13 Mr. Goulding?
- 14 A. (Goulding) Yes, it is.
- 15 Q. Thank you. Mr. Ludwig, did you also, back on
- September 30th, submit testimony in this
- 17 proceeding?
- 18 A. (Ludwig) Yes, I did.
- 19 Q. And that testimony was prepared by you -- was
- it prepared by you or at your direction?
- 21 A. (Ludwig) Yes, it was.
- 22 Q. And do you have any corrections, changes or
- 23 updates to that testimony this morning?
- 24 A. (Ludwig) I do not.

[WITNESS PANEL: Goulding|Ludwig|White]

- 1 Q. And that is testimony that has been included in
- 2 what has been premarked as "Exhibit 1", is that
- 3 correct?
- 4 A. (Ludwig) Yes, it is.
- 5 Q. And, Mr. Goulding, on December 9th, did you
- file a technical statement in this proceeding?
- 7 A. (Goulding) Yes, I did.
- 8 Q. And was the information in that technical
- 9 statement, was that prepared by you or at your
- 10 direction?
- 11 A. (Goulding) Yes, it was.
- 12 Q. And do you have any changes or updates or
- corrections to that, the information in that
- 14 technical statement this morning?
- 15 A. (Goulding) No, I do not.
- 16 Q. And is that information in what has been
- included in -- what has been marked for
- identification as "Exhibit 2" in this
- 19 proceeding?
- 20 A. (Goulding) Yes.
- 21 Q. Mr. White, did you also, on December 9th, file
- a technical statement in this proceeding?
- 23 A. (White) Yes.
- 24 Q. And do you have any -- and was that technical

[WITNESS PANEL: Goulding|Ludwig|White]

- 1 statement prepared by you or at your direction?
- 2 Α. (White) Yes, it was.
- 3 And do you have any updates, corrections or Q. amendments to that technical statement this 4
- 6 (White) I do not. Α.

morning?

- 7 And that information is what has been included 0. 8 in Exhibit -- what has been marked as "Exhibit 2" for identification? 9
- 10 (White) Yes. Α.

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- 11 Now, I guess very, very broadly, Mr. Goulding Q. 12 or Mr. White, could you basically explain what 13 is contained in your testimony in Exhibit 1, as 14 updated in Exhibit 2, as it pertains to the 15 Company's proposal this morning?
 - Α. (Goulding) Yes. So, overall, the Company is proposing rates effective January 1st, 2017. This would be the Energy Service rates, excluding the temporary Scrubber rate change from 9.23 cents to 9.45 cents, which is, including the Scrubber temporary rate, would be a change from the current rate of 10.95 cents to a 11.1 cent rate. The key drivers and the change in the rate are due to increased RPS

19 [WITNESS PANEL: Goulding|Ludwig|White]

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1
        obligation costs for 2017, as well as increased
2
        migration forecast assumptions.
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- 3 Now, Mr. Goulding, do you have in front of you Q. the document that has been premarked for 4 identification as "Exhibit 3"? 5
- 6 (Goulding) Yes. Α.
- 7 And could you -- and was this a document that 0. 8 was prepared by you or at your direction?
- 9 (Goulding) Yes, it was. Α.
- 10 Q. And you understand it and you're familiar with 11 the contents of this document?
- 12 (Goulding) Yes. Α.

17

18

19

20

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22

23

- Could you very briefly explain what it is 13 Q. 14 that -- what information is shown in this 15 document, and particularly as is relevant to 16 the Company's proposal in this proceeding.
 - (Goulding) Okay. So, the first page of the Α. document -- of Exhibit 3 is a calculation of a average bill for a residential customer taking 625 kilowatt-hours. There's a -- the total rate currently is 18.026 cents, and the new proposed rate for January 1st will be 18.210. The key changes in that rate, one is a subject of this docket, will be Column Number (6),

"Energy Service Change" [Charge?], the current rate of 10.95 cents, going to 11.17 cents. And there's also a change in the System Benefits Charge, in Column (4), that rate is .00 -- or 0.330 cents, and that's proposed to go to 0.356 cents. And that will be the subject of, I believe, a hearing next week in Docket DE 14-216. And, then, there's also a change in the Stranded Cost Recovery Charge, going from 0.0094 cents, to 0.0032 cents. And that rate change will be discussed in the following docket, DE 16-823.

So, if we focus on just the Energy Service Charge in this docket, you'll see that, going down halfway down the page, there's the different components on the bill, and what the current bill would be and what the proposed new bill would be. So, overall, incorporating all of those changes, the current bill is \$125.55, incorporating all of the changes mentioned above, the Energy Service change, System Benefit Charge change, and the Stranded Cost Recovery Charge change, would result in an increase in the bill of \$1.15, to \$126.70.

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1
              Isolating just the Energy Service
 2
         component change, the Energy Service currently
 3
         will be $68.44, it would increase to $69.81,
 4
         for an increase of $1.37, which is an increase
 5
         in that component of 2 percent, and an overall
         bill increase of 1.1 percent, for a customer
 6
 7
         taking Energy Service.
         Thank you. And could you explain what is shown
 8
    Q.
         on the other pages of this exhibit please.
9
10
         (Goulding) Sure. These ones just give a little
11
         more detail by the different rate class. But,
12
         if we go down to the bottom line, which is
13
         "Total Retail", the total retail rate for SCRC
14
         is changing by negative 0.8 percent, and that
15
         SCRC includes the RGGI adder, the RGGI refund
16
         amount. The System Benefits Charge is
17
         increasing by 0.4 percent. And, then, the
18
         delivery service is decreasing by negative
         4 percent [0.4 percent?]. And this is just for
19
20
         a customer who is not taking Energy Service.
21
         So, it's just a delivery service portion change
22
         of their bill. So, it's not entirely relevant
23
         to this docket.
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At Page 3, it's a similar type page, but

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1
         it actually includes the Energy Service also.
 2
         So, if you go to the "Total Retail", for a
 3
         total bill change would be a negative
         0.3 percent bill change for the SCRC;
 4
 5
         0.1 percent increase for the System Benefits,
         and an increase in the overall bill for
 6
 7
         1.2 percent for the Energy Service, for a total
         increase of 1 percent.
 8
9
         Thank you. And, Mr. Goulding, is it your
    Q.
10
         opinion that the Company's proposal in this
11
         case results in just and reasonable rates, and
12
         that these rates should be approved for
13
         implementation?
14
         (Goulding) Yes.
15
                   MR. FOSSUM: Thank you.
                                             I have
16
         nothing further for direct.
17
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Kreis.
18
                   MR. KREIS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
19
         Good morning, witnesses for PSNH d/b/a
20
         Eversource.
21
                   As Commissioner Scott does, my
22
         suggestion is that you gentlemen can decide
23
         which among you are best equipped to answer my
24
         questions, of which I have relatively few.
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1
         They focus on Exhibit 2, which is the
 2
         December 9th update filing.
 3
                      CROSS-EXAMINATION
    BY MR. KREIS:
 4
 5
    Q.
         It would be fair to say, wouldn't it, that the
 6
         most significant update has to do with a change
 7
         in the sales forecast, with respect to
         comparing the December filing to the one made
 8
9
         back in September?
10
         (Ludwig) That is correct.
11
         Could you talk a little bit about what is
    Q.
12
         driving the change in the sales forecast?
13
         (Ludwig) Yes. I can do that. So, the
14
         September filing had a forecast that was
15
         completed in October of 2015. So, that
16
         forecast was a year old. The December 9th
17
         filing had a forecast that was just completed
18
         in October of 2016. So, that's our most recent
19
         forecast.
20
              Last year's forecast, assuming there would
21
         be growth in sales on a weather-normalized
22
         basis in '16, and then additional growth on top
23
         of that in 2017.
24
              So, here we are in 2016, and, on a
```

weather-normalized basis, we've actually seen a sales decline. A decline that was much larger, because we expected growth, and those are actually coming in below last year.

So, right off the bat, when we went in to do our most recent forecast, we're starting from a much lower point than our previous forecast had started out. So, that's the main driver as to why we are seeing so much of a lower forecast this time as we did to a year ago.

The main reason why we think we're seeing that decline, is it's this breakdown of the relationship between the economy and electric sales. Before, historically, you could always rely on, as the economy was improving, you could see a similar increase in electricity sales. Now, we're seeing a breakdown of that relationship. And we think the primary reason for that breakdown is all the downward pressures that we're seeing on electricity sales, through all the various end uses, such as lighting, appliances, HVAC equipment, the switch to mobile computing. And all these

[WITNESS PANEL: Goulding|Ludwig|White]

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things are just, you know, wearing away at our
sales forecast.
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Q. The "switch to mobile computing" means what exactly?

3

- A. (Ludwig) So, previously, you know, everyone had
 a desktop computer in their house. It was
 plugged in all the time. Now, you know, people
 are on iPads, their cellphones. It's just -there's a change in customer behavior that are
 lowering sales.
- 11 Q. But those devices still use electricity.
- 12 A. They do, but they use far less. So, that's the
 13 thing. Every time you replace something in
 14 your house or your office, there is very good
 15 odds that whatever you're replacing that with
 16 uses less electricity than what it was plugged
 17 in previously.
- Q. I'm trying to put this in perspective. Is this
 a sea change of which we should take particular
 note?
- 21 A. (Ludwig) I'm sorry. What was your question?
- Q. Is this a sea change of which we should take particular note?
- 24 A. (Ludwig) A sea -- I'm not sure what you --

[WITNESS PANEL: Goulding|Ludwig|White]

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Q.
     S-e-a. Is that how big a deal is this?
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- Α. (Ludwig) So, it's a phenomenon, it's happening all across the country. We're seeing it at our other Eversource operating companies. New Hampshire actually has the strongest growth of all our companies. But, I mean, it's something that does need to be noted, I think. You know, it's a change in customer behavior that's happening all across our country.
- So, from a consumer standpoint, it might be that you could conclude that New Hampshire customers, for whatever reason, have actually lagged behind other customers, in terms of adopting some of these measures that allow them to do the same amount of work for a smaller amount of electricity purchased from the Company?
- (Ludwig) I think that would be safe to say for the companies that Eversource operates. comfortable saying that.
- You mentioned that the initial filing in Q. September used an October 2015 forecast. Could you talk a little bit about why the initial filing relies on such an outdated forecast?

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A. (Ludwig) Yes. So, we update our budget. The budget forecast that we use internally is the one that's presented here in these filings.

That forecast is completed and approved every October/November time period. So, when the September filing was being put together, we were not -- we were in the middle of doing our budget forecast.
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So, as opposed to having multiple forecast versions floating around, we wait until we have the official forecast.

- Q. Mr. Ludwig, you might not be the best person to answer this question, but I'll ask it anyway. Would it make sense to change the timing of these filings so that they rely on a more recent forecast?
- A. (Goulding) We could change the filing date and rely on a more reliable -- or, more up-to-date forecast. But I think the filings are set up the way they are to give time for OCA and Staff and any other intervenor to issue discovery and investigate the filing. I think, if you pushed it back to say a November 1st filing, it would crunch that time down and not allow enough of a

time to get comfort in what is presented by the
Company.

- Q. With regard to the sales trends that Mr. Ludwig testified about a second ago, that hasn't driven any change in your migration forecast however?
- A. (Ludwig) No. The migration forecast is done independently of the sales forecast.
- 9 Q. Okay. Moving on, I think, to the second page
 10 of Exhibit 2. These might be questions for
 11 Mr. White. Could you explain why coal
 12 generation is increasing in your projection,
 13 while the generation at Newington is
 14 decreasing?
 - A. (White) In general, prices have increased a bit from our September filing, on the order of a little over a dollar a megawatt-hour. So, there's a slight increase in the market value of energy. Our coal resources have dispatched at a very slightly higher level in response to that price change.

Newington -- and one aspect of our coal fleet is that it has a very stable fuel cost as its coal in inventory. Different than at

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1
         Newington, whose fuel cost changes really on a
 2
         daily basis. And it's not coal, it's oil and
 3
         gas. And, in the updated forecast, the forward
         prices of gas and oil increased a much greater
 4
 5
         amount than the market value of energy
 6
         increased. Most of the decrease at Newington
 7
         occurred in the month of January, and coal
         prices are up almost 20 percent, and power
 8
9
         prices are up a much smaller percentage. So,
10
         Newington was more expensive relative to a
11
         slightly higher energy market. So, its
12
         generation decreased a larger amount.
13
         Thank you. Moving on to Page 4 of Exhibit 2,
    Q.
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         I'm almost done, could you maybe talk us
15
         through Item Number 8, the second item on that
16
         page, that has to do with RPS expenses. And
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         maybe explain how changes in the RPS market are
18
         affecting the RPS cost that Public Service
19
         Company d/b/a Eversource is incurring?
20
         (White) Well, the net increase noted in Item 8,
    Α.
21
         among all the RPS class requirements, is
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         0.2 million. What that really reflects is an
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         increase in Class I expense and a decrease in
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Class III expense.

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The Class I expense increased because a component of our Class I RPS compliance expense includes sales of surplus RECs. We have a portfolio that includes Burgess, Lempster RECs, the quantities coming in exceed the RPS compliance requirement. So, we make assumptions about sales of those surplus RECs. And the market value of Class I RECs has decreased about \$8 a REC. And, so, those surplus sales, they actually were being made at a loss against inventory costs, they're now being made at a greater loss against inventory cost, that \$8 REC. We've also, in this filing, assumed a higher volume of those sales. that led to the increase in the Class I expense. The Class III expense decrease is a little more -- is a little more straightforward. That

The Class III expense decrease is a little more -- is a little more straightforward. That simply reflects the cost of compliance by procuring RECs in the market, and that market also has decreased in value about \$8 a REC.

So, the compliance requirement, although down a little bit due to the load forecast and migration adjustments, it's really down because

the assumed cost of acquiring those RECs is
down \$8 a REC. And those two offset one
another, leaving us with a net increase of
about 0.2 million.

- Q. Do you expect that that trough in the market for Class I RECs to continue?
 - A. (White) The forward market doesn't provide quotations out beyond 2017. My understanding is that a lot of the change in market value can be tracked back to the very warm winter of 2016 earlier this year, which decreased load and sales, which decreased the market demand for RECs. That depressed market prices. There is a -- kind of a rollover option for compliance in RPS markets, so that effect has rolled into 2017, so to speak.

Perhaps, with a very cold winter this year, we might see some reversal. But we don't have very good visibility beyond 2017 for market prices.

Q. Well, thank you, Mr. White. All I can say is, given all those extra Class I RECs Public

Service Company has on its hands, I'd just like to point out to everybody in the room that they

1 make great Christmas gifts.

[Laughter.]

BY MR. KREIS:

Q. And, so, PSNH would have a nice little sideline business there.

Finally, moving onto Item E, this question is going to reflect my cosmic ignorance, and I suspect it's one that Mr. Goulding could answer.

Item E says "2017 forecasted O&M expenses increased 1.8 million due to higher forecasted depreciation". And I am curious about what changes -- what drives changes in the forecasted depreciation, given that I thought depreciation was one of those immutable things that doesn't change in the way that forecasts of sales and migrations might change?

A. (Goulding) Right. So, I agree, they normally don't change. They're pretty constant, with the exception if something retires. But, when we looked at our 2017 filing -- our 2017 forecast and compared it versus 2016, the data that we had for 2017 was forecasted at a lower depreciation level than 2016. So, when we

33 [WITNESS PANEL: Goulding|Ludwig|White] 1 researched it, there was -- it was due to a 2 older vintage forecast. So, we have updated 3 the Jan -- or, the December filing to reflect what we expect the depreciation -- actual 4 5 depreciation cost to be, and it's more representative and consistent with what we've 6 7 been experiencing in 2016. 8 MR. KREIS: Well, given that Mr. White looks a bit like Santa Claus, I hope 9 10 to see a few RECs in my stocking on Christmas 11 morning. 12 That's all my questions. 13 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I'm afraid I 14 think I know what Mr. Kreis is bringing to the 15 Yankee Swap tomorrow. 16 Ms. Amidon. 17 MS. AMIDON: Thank you. Good 18 morning. 19 WITNESS GOULDING: Good morning.

20 WITNESS LUDWIG: Good morning.

21 BY MS. AMIDON:

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I guess I wanted to begin with talking about the Scrubber adder, which is not part of this filing, and it's not supposed to be changed by

{DE 16-822} [REDACTED - For Public Use] {12-15-16}

- this filing. Is that right, Mr. Goulding?
- 2 A. (Goulding) That's correct.
 - Q. Now, when the Commission approved the Scrubber recovery rate, the rate was intended to cover, on an annual basis, one-seventh of the deferred amount. Am I saying that correctly?
- 7 A. (Goulding) Yes.

- Q. And could you please explain how successful that recovery has been to date and what the experience of the Company is with respect to that deferral?
- A. (Goulding) Okay. Yes. So, the temporary rate was designed to recover one-seventh of the deferral amount, and then the actual costs going forward. So, for 2016, we would have expected, if it collected one-seventh of the deferral and the actual cost for 2016, the deferral started off at 123.3 million, we would have expected it to be down to 105.7 million, and that would be one-seventh of the deferral being eliminated. What we're forecasting, primarily due to sales changes for 2016 coming in lower than we had forecasted, the deferral balance is going to be \$111.7 million, which is

[WITNESS PANEL: Goulding|Ludwig|White]

- 1 a difference of \$6 million.
- 2 Q. So, because of the decreased sales, the
- 3 mechanism isn't working to recover the deferral
- 4 as anticipated?
- 5 A. (Goulding) Correct.
- 6 Q. And is there any proposal by the Company to
- 7 resolve that issue?
- 8 A. (Goulding) Not at the current time, not in this
- 9 rate. We've left it at 1.72 cents.
- 10 Q. Okay. Thank you. And did you develop, on Page
- 4 of Exhibit 2, the Item F, the forecasted
- 12 under recovery?
- 13 A. (Goulding) Yes.
- 14 Q. Okay. And, if I'm reading that correctly, the
- \$2.2 million decrease in revenues on the last
- sentence there is due to lower than forecast
- sales for October 2016? Is that right? The
- 18 last sentence in Paragraph F?
- 19 A. (Goulding) Yes. Yes.
- 20 Q. And then it says "increased migration for
- November and December as compared to the
- initial filing"?
- 23 A. (Goulding) Yes.
- 24 Q. Okay. So, the increased migration, what I'm

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[WITNESS PANEL: Goulding|Ludwig|White]

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trying to find out is, is the increased
migration more than what was originally
forecast by the Company for those two months?
And I guess that's maybe a question for
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- A. (Ludwig) So, yes. It's coming in slightly higher.
- Q. Okay. Right. I think what I'm asking is, is the migration for those two months higher than originally forecasted by the Company? Or is it --
- 12 [Witnesses conferring.]

13 BY MS. AMIDON:

Mr. Ludwig.

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- Q. If it's easier, I could ask another question on a different subject, while you look for the answer. Is that okay?
- 17 A. (Goulding) Okay. That works.
- Q. Okay. So, Mr. White, one question I have for you is, if you looked at the prices today, how would that compare with the prices that we see on Page 3 of Exhibit 2? Are they still pretty close to the current price?
- A. (White) Yes. They're pretty close. The price,

 1.2, on Page 3, averages for the year, on a

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[WITNESS PANEL: Goulding|Ludwig|White]

- 1 12-month average around the clock, 38.60. The
- 2 market closed on Tuesday at \$39.
- 3 Q. Okay.
- 4 A. (White) So, up a very small amount, 40 cents a megawatt-hour.
- Q. Okay. Good. Thank you. And I do have some questions for Mr. White on the Burgess Biopower Plant. And just I think everybody in the room is subject to confidentiality, this may be confidential information. I'm not certain.
- 11 A. (White) Yes.
- 12 Q. But I will go ahead and ask the questions, and
 13 Mr. Fossum will have a chance to review the
 14 record to -- the transcript to determine if it
 15 is confidential.
- MS. AMIDON: Is that fair,
- 17 Mr. Fossum?
- MR. FOSSUM: I suppose.
- 19 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Let's find out
- 20 what -- if there's actually a problem. But it
- 21 sounds like that's how we're going to deal with
- 22 it, if there is. Right?
- MS. AMIDON: Yes.
- 24 BY MS. AMIDON:

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Q. Well, one of my principal questions is about how the energy costs in that contract is --
compares relative to market prices generally for 2016. So, just generally, overall, on the average, how were the prices comparing to market prices?
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A. (White) The base energy price in the contract I believe is \$69.80. We just looked at an average 2017 forward average price of 38.60. There's a wood cost price adjustment in the contract that adjusts to 69.80. And that adjustment is not a very large adjustment currently.

Is that sufficient information?

- Q. Yes. So, customers are paying for the additional \$30 per megawatt-hour, is that right, Eversource customers?
- 18 A. (White) That's correct.
- 19 Q. Okay.

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- 20 A. (White) The filing represents contract payments
 21 for the output of the Burgess facility.
- Q. Okay. Could you also explain, you briefly touched on this with the Consumer Advocate, the price you pay under that contract for RECs

- 1 versus the declining resale price.
- 2 A. (White) The contract price for Class I RECs is
- 3 indexed to the ACP that was in place at the
- 4 time the contract went into effect. And, for
- 5 sets of contract years, we pay a varying
- 6 percentage, which I believe is currently
- 7 80 percent.
- 8 Q. Uh-huh.
- 9 A. (White) So, our current payment to Burgess for
- 10 RECs is in the mid 50s, and the current forward
- price for Class I RECs we have 27.50. So,
- there's about a not quite \$30 difference there.
- 13 Q. And, again, those additional costs are paid by
- 14 Eversource customers?
- 15 A. (White) That's correct.
- 16 Q. Okay. With respect to that contract, this is
- my last question on the contract, unless Mr.
- 18 Frantz has a question, is the status of the
- 19 Cumulative Reduction Fund?
- 20 A. (White) This would be confidential info. I'm
- 21 not sure what we've discussed previously would
- 22 qualify. But it currently stands _____
- 23 ______.
- 24 Q. Okay. All right. Thank you. Did you have a

- chance to find the answer to my question?
- 2 A. (Ludwig) Yes. Migration is slightly higher in the new update.
- Q. Okay. That really was as simple as that. I just wanted to see how good the forecast was.

 It's just slightly higher?
- 7 A. (Ludwig) Yes.

22

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- Okay. And, so, Mr. Ludwig, you mentioned, in 8 response to the questions about the declining 9 10 sales, a number of disconnects between economic 11 improvement and electric use. What measures did you take to analyze that? You know, did 12 13 the Company actually do an analysis of the 14 various effects of these different measures, 15 energy efficiency, mobile devices, etcetera? 16 Did you do an analysis of it? And is there any 17 workpapers or other analysis that you could 18 provide Staff, so that we could -- or, is this just sort of a general observation across the 19 20 Company?
 - A. (Ludwig) It is a general observation across the companies. Recently, because this is a phenomenon that we've seen across all of our companies, we have purchased some end-use data.

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It's not specific to our service territories,

but it is specific to New England. And it

breaks down all the end-use data that's

available through EIA and its potential impacts

on sales.
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Q. All right. Thank you. I just wanted to understand that.

And, finally, and I think this would be for Mr. White, I believe that there was some adjustments made to delivery times for certain coal contracts that were entered into in the past for Merrimack. Is that something you could address? I'm not talking about issues with transportation. I'm talking about how the deliveries were scheduled for a different time to -- do you understand where I'm -- we had talked about this at a technical session, and so I'm trying to see if you could help me here?

- A. (White) Well, I'll try.
- 20 Q. Okay. Thank you.

A. (White) As the capacity factors at our coal facilities have declined over the last several years, coal uses have declined as well. We had several years ago entered into contracts based

on operating characteristics that we were experiencing at that time. And coal contracts are typically multiyear contracts. As capacity factors declined, working with the delivery, the rails or the cargo companies and the coal mines, we deferred those coal deliveries into following years. So, where the original intent of the contract may have been for a three-year term, I'll just say, ending in 2011, we may not have taken all those deliveries in that timeframe and pushed deliveries into subsequent years. And is that --

- Q. Right. That was what I -- that is what I was looking for. In other words, the Company has taken measures to manage the coal deliveries, given the decreased dispatch of some of the coal plants. Is that a fair summary?
- A. (White) Yes. That's correct. I mean, I could go through a little bit of, you know, we used to burn a million tons of coal a year, and we would set up delivery and mine contracts back to back to accommodate that usage. And while we've adjusted that contracting through time as usage has dropped to 500,000 tons, in I think

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         the most recent year we've utilized -- we've
         had delivered about 400,000 tons over a
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 3
         three-year period. So, the decline is
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         significant. And there's only so much room in
 5
         the coal yards. And, so, we've had to manage,
 6
         with the mines and the delivery companies, to
 7
         maintain, you know, quantities in inventory
         that we can handle, as well as trying to work
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9
         with them and meet contractual requirements.
         Thank you.
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    Q.
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         (White) So, it's a continuous -- we've worked
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         with them for several years due to these market
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         changes.
14
         Thank you.
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                   MS. AMIDON: Thank you. Staff has no
16
         further questions.
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Commissioner
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18
         Scott.
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                   CMSR. SCOTT:
                                  Thank you. And, as the
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         Consumer Advocate mentioned, whoever's -- I
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         also have my usual caveat, so, whoever feels
22
         best to answer the question. But I suspect,
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         since it's his exhibit, I'll start with
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         probably Mr. Goulding.
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[WITNESS PANEL: Goulding|Ludwig|White]

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BY CMSR. SCOTT:
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- I'm looking at Bates 008, on Exhibit 2, your 2 Q. Attachment CJG-2. So, I assume what I'm 3 looking at, what I see is you have on the 4 5 left-hand column "Hydro", "Coal", "Wood", except Newington. When I look under coal, kind 6 7 of following up on the coal discussion, I'm seeing "April", "May", I'm seeing zeros in 8 9 there for the coal units, and I'm seeing zeros 10 for Newington. My question is, is that a projection of -- am I seeing planned outages 11 12 here or am I seeing a guess that you won't be economically dispatched? 13
- A. (Goulding) Well, fortunately, for me, it's my exhibit, but Rick White will speak to it.
- 16 Q. Okay. Great.

- A. (White) That's a reflection of economic
 dispatch. And outages are planned in periods
 of low market prices, where not only the
 dispatch would indicate we wouldn't generate,
 and we plan the outages during those periods.
 But I think you can view this primarily as the
 outcome of economic dispatch.
 - Q. Okay. So, put another way, during those

[WITNESS PANEL: Goulding|Ludwig|White]

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        timeframes, say something changed in the
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        Northeast fleet, you may be available, it's not
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        like you won't be available potentially, it's
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        just because, based on economics, probably
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        you're not going to run?
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(White) Correct. Α.

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- Q. Okay. Thank you. Interesting. Mr. Ludwig, on your testimony, so this is Bates 029, your migration chart of Exhibit 1. So, it's on Bates 029 of Exhibit 1, and it's labeled "DJL-1".
- 12 Α. (Ludwig) Yes.
- 13 I was just curious, to understand the chart a Q. 14 little bit, I think I understand, but what I 15 think this is showing is, obviously, a close 16 correlation between migration and forward 17 prices clearly.
- 18 Α. (Ludwig) Correct.
- 19 I assume, and here's my question in a second, I Q. 20 assume that the real thing that drives, for a 21 customer, migration from PSNH to one of the 22 competitive suppliers is the price spread 23 between what the competitive suppliers are 24 offering and what PSNH offers, correct?

[WITNESS PANEL: Goulding|Ludwig|White]

A. (Ludwig) That is correct.

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- Q. And, so, am I to read this that that correlation would reflect that probably competitive suppliers are also following very closely the trends that I'm seeing here for forwards? Is that what I should imply from that?
- 8 A. (Ludwig) You could imply that, yes.
- Okay. My next question is on RGGI, I was just 9 Q. 10 curious. I have a closer insight than others on RGGI. I'm on the Board of Directors and I 11 12 approve auctions for RGGI. I note that 13 directionally I agree with your assumptions on 14 RGGI. But I was just curious, what do you use 15 moving forward for assumptions? Obviously, 16 going from this auction that was just held, 17 compared to the quarter before, there was 18 almost a dollar, it was 99 cents difference in 19 allowance prices, so there was a significant 20 drop. I was just curious how the projection 21 works. You know, how's your crystal ball? How 22 are you guessing what happens in the future? 23 (Goulding) It's not part of this docket, but we Α.

{DE 16-822} [REDACTED - For Public Use] {12-15-16}

do -- we just use the most current auction.

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So, we made our filing on the 9th, and we got
the results for the auction on the 9th. So, we
put in $3.55 for forecasted for 2017.
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- Q. Okay. You just pulled it. And, you're right,
 I apologize, I'm talking the next docket. But
 that will save us time in the next docket.
- A. (Goulding) Yup.

- Q. Also, there was some discussion, obviously, I think I understand weather-normalized when you look at projections. Obviously, last winter we didn't have a winter, I guess, for a lot of -- for the most part. I don't know what your crystal ball is for this winter, but I would think the law of probability would say it would be more robust winter. Does that -- how does that impact things? So, if it's colder, you know, that will increase your sales, I assume.
 - A. (Ludwig) I'll say, for our sales forecast, we always assume normal weather conditions. So, last year was below normal. So, our expectation is we would return to normal weather throughout the forecast. But, if we had cold weather, I can't speak to how that would impact.

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    Α.
         (Goulding) So, if we had cold weather, it would
         be reflected in the actuals information.
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 3
         depends on what the cold weather did to the
 4
         prices of energy. We could get in a situation
 5
         where we have surplus load to sell, which would
         go to decrease costs. But I think what happens
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 7
         is, Rick deals with the forwards based on what
         the forward energies are -- the forward energy
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9
         market is to develop kind of when the plants
10
         will run. And I don't know if that takes into
11
         account estimated weather impacts or what.
12
         (White) Well, colder weather would lead to
    Α.
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         higher prices. I mean, that's the typical
14
         relationship. It would also lead to higher
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         sales.
                 There's a certain amount of heating
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         load that's still driven -- is still
17
         electrical.
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                   CMSR. SCOTT: Okay. That's all I
19
         have.
                Thank you.
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                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Commissioner
21
         Bailey.
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    BY CMSR. BAILEY:
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Following up on the coal contract problem, how long is the contract in place?

{DE 16-822} [REDACTED - For Public Use] {12-15-16}

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[WITNESS PANEL: Goulding|Ludwig|White]
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- A. (White) We have no contracts in place at this
 time. They're all expired. Well, we have a
 delivery scheduled in January. I believe
 that's the last -- I don't believe we have any
 coal contracts in place at this time --
- 6 Q. So, all of the --
- 7 A. (White) -- going forward. We don't have
 8 contracts that go out into the future at this
 9 time.
- 10 Q. So, all the deferred coal that you were
 11 required to buy will be delivered by January,
 12 is that what you're saying?
- 13 A. (White) Yes. We have a shipment scheduled in
 14 mid January, and that would be the last
 15 required shipment under the contracts.
- 16 Q. Okay. And do you think that that's enough coal to economically run the plant?
- A. (White) Our coal yard at Merrimack is
 essentially full. Given recent experience and
 the forward look at generation during '17, we
 have more than enough coal to meet any
 foreseeable needs already in inventory.
- Q. Okay. This is a cosmic ignorance question, for you, Mr. Goulding. On Exhibit 2, I want to

1 talk about the difference in the cash working 2 capital, between the 45 days and the amount 3 that was originally in your filing in 4 September. And, on Page -- Bates Page 004, 5 Item E, you say that the O&M expense "was offset by a million dollars reduction in Return 6 7 on Rate Base primarily due to changing the Working Capital Allowance". Can you explain to 8 9 me how that works? Because the change in cash 10 working capital is about \$6 million. 11 (Goulding) So, on the cash working capital, it Α.

- A. (Goulding) So, on the cash working capital, it goes into rate base, and that rate base is applied -- a return is applied against that rate base, so, approximately 10 percent return. So, on \$6 million, 10 percent of the \$6 million had would be \$600,000 change in overall return.
- Q. Okay. But you -- and you also calculated the -- I mean, you put the lower cash working capital into your calculations?
- 20 A. (Goulding) Yes.

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- Q. And then just the return on that investment equates to about a million dollars, that's what you're saying here?
- 24 A. (Goulding) Yes. So, there was a decrease in

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         the cash working capital due to the -- this is
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         going back to the old methodology. So, it
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         reduced the average working capital by roughly
         $6 million. So, the return on that average
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 5
         working capital reduction was about $600,000.
 6
         Then, there was some other changes in rate base
 7
         due to plant -- net plant assumptions, which
         was a change in return of about $400,000. And,
 8
         then, a couple of other minor changes that kind
9
10
         of offset each other, like asset retirement
11
         obligations, those changed ever so slightly.
12
         And one other one -- and deferred taxes changed
13
         ever so slightly. But the primary changes was
14
         the change to the working capital allowance,
         and then the change to the net plant
15
16
         assumption.
17
         Okay. Thank you. And in the discussion about
    Q.
18
         the Class III RECs lowering your cost of RECs?
19
         (White) Uh-huh.
    Α.
20
         When you made that calculation, did you assume
    Q.
21
         that the requirement was at a half a percent or
22
         8 percent?
23
         (White) Eight percent.
    Α.
                    CMSR. BAILEY: Okay.
24
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Thank you.

[WITNESS PANEL: Goulding|Ludwig|White]

1 That's all I have.

BY CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG:

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- Q. Mr. Ludwig, you testified and answered some questions about customer behavior. And I believe you -- I think I understood you to say that the situation in New Hampshire looks different than it does in the other states in which the Company operates, is that right?
- 9 A. (Ludwig) That's correct.
- Q. Has there been an actual study that is similarly situated customers in the different states are behaving differently?
 - A. (Ludwig) There's been no study. We have the data to look at all the different companies.
 - Q. So, there are other explanations other than customer behavior for differing results in New Hampshire, are there not?
- 18 A. (Ludwig) Oh, definitely. Yes, there are.
- Q. And one of those might be, if New Hampshire's
 economy were doing relatively better than the
 economies in the other states in which the
 company does business, you would expect to see
 less degradation in demand, right?
 - A. (Ludwig) That would be correct. But, even

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across our companies, we have the Boston area
economy, which is a very strong economy, and
then we have the Connecticut economy, which is
a weaker economy. And, so, we have varying
economies across our territories as well.
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Q. And, so, you're seeing differing -- you're actually seeing different customer behavior, not just differing demands not yet explained?

- A. (Ludwig) That is correct. And there are a lot of factors driving it. And we're still -- this is something we're still, you know, struggling with explaining. It's all kind of happening pretty fast.
- Q. Okay. I was just a little concerned about the exchange that you had, I think, with Mr. Kreis about "New Hampshire being behind" in some way.

 And I just -- I wasn't sure that your testimony got you to an explanation of why or anything regarding the demand.
- A. (Ludwig) Yes. I think "behind" would be the wrong word, because I don't know behind what?
- Q. Its peers. The other customers in other -somehow that customers in New Hampshire are not
 doing as much to change their behavior as

[WITNESS PANEL: Goulding|Ludwig|White] 1 customers elsewhere. (Ludwig) I would say our sales results are 2 Α. 3 showing that there's less of a decline in New Hampshire sales. 4 And that's where you probably ended? 5 Q. 6 (Ludwig) Yes. Α. 7 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: That's what I thought. 8 I have no other questions. 9 10 Mr. Fossum, do you have any further questions 11 for your witnesses? 12 MR. FOSSUM: I do not. Thank you. 13 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. Is 14 there anything else we need to do then, before 15 we strike ID on the exhibits, subject to the 16 lengthy discussion we had about the limitations 17 of the use of Exhibit 1 and the testimony 18 regarding the Lead/Lag Study? 19 [No verbal response.] 20 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. 21 We'll strike the ID on the three exhibits. 22 Anything else before we let the 23 parties sum up?

[No verbal response.]

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Kreis, why
don't you go first.

MR. KREIS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Just very briefly, I would like to thank the Company's witnesses and the other employees of PSNH d/b/a Eversource who have been working with us and meeting with us over the last few weeks and months to make sure that this filing is in shipshape. The climate is one of good cooperation and excellent exchange of information.

And, as a result of all of that, and as a result of the record that we have adduced today, the Consumer Advocate is satisfied that the proposed changes in the Energy Service rate result in just and reasonable rates. And, so, therefore, we recommend that the Commission approve the Company's request.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Ms. Amidon.

MS. AMIDON: Thank you. Staff has reviewed the filing, and we have determined that the Company appropriately calculated the estimated costs for Energy Service for 2017, and appropriately calculated the resulting

1 rate.

And, therefore, on that basis, we would recommend the Commission approve the Petition.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Fossum.

MR. FOSSUM: Thank you. I'd like to begin and express my appreciation for the statements of others, particularly the OCA.

You know, we try to have a good working relationship with those we deal with, and I'm pleased to see that that seems to be the case.

That all said, the Company believes that it has appropriately accounted for and proposed a rate that reflects its actual prudent and reasonable costs as forecast for the coming year 2017. And, of course, that will all be subject to reconciliation in the future.

But, for purposes of this filing,
it's the Company's opinion that the filing
reflects appropriate rates that are just and
reasonable for customers. And we would request
the Commission approve them in sufficient time
to implement them January 1st, as proposed.

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                    CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG:
                                          Thank you,
          Mr. Fossum. We will take this matter under
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          advisement, issue an order on it as quickly as
 4
          we can.
                    And, with that, we will close the
 5
          hearing on 16-822.
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                          (Whereupon the hearing was
                          adjourned at 10:10 a.m.)
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